ET-09: A new drug, ANG1005, a conjugate of Paclitaxel and Angiopep peptide vector able to cross the Blood-Brain Barrier for the treatment of brain cancers.

langiоснет

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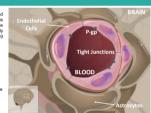
The blood-brain barrier (BBB) is mainly formed by brain capillary endothelial cells which are closely sealed by tight junctions. This important The observation value (Loci) is limiting valued by limiting values and endoured as the same and endough search by any injurious. This important characteristic provides a natural defense against toxic or infective against sort circulating in the blood. Furthermore, brain endotherial cells possess few alternative transport pathways and express high levels of active efflux transport proteins, including P-glycoprotein (Pgp). As a result, or everthering manprint of small molecules, proteins and peptides do not cross the BBB. Therefore, the development of a drug delivery system for new alterhance tradsport parameters of expectations of active derivative production for parameters of expectations of the parameters of expectations of active the brain is of great interest for the recorded indicards. In the repeat study, we provide experimental evidence that a result production of the parameters of expectations of a family of peripheral discorders. In the present study, we provide experimental evidence that a result production of the parameters of expectation of the parameters of the parameters of expectation of the parameters of a family of peripheral devices develed from a natural-soccuring profession capable of expecting the BBB. The Angiopeps cross the BBB using a receptor mediated mechanism involving the Low density lipoprotein neceptor Related Proteins (LRP). The lead has been compared to the near terminal proteins of the parameters of parameters of the para

INTRODUCTION

The RRR is a unique selective harrier formed by tightly packed The BBB is a unique, selective barrier formed by tighty packed endonhelial cols hat line the central capillaties. The BBB is important as it provides an insultated environment for stable important and its chichorhelial calls broming the BBB are not only characteristics that further protect the brain, they:

Lack transpractical characteristics. Lack transpractical characteristics. Lack propose vesicles; and
Express high levels of the active ethics pump (P-Sp.).

Existing drug candidates (mostly biologics) available to address conditions localized in the brain have limited to no therapeutic value in vivo due to the fact that they do not cross the BBB to reach the site of disease.



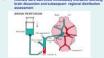
To overcome this obstacle. Angiochem has developed a new vector technology based on chemically attaching small molecules, peptides, monoclonal antibodies, siRNA, etc... to a vector that shuttles them into the brain using LRP receptors that are naturally expressed at the BBB.

EXPERIMENTAL MODELS

- Brain tumor distribution after IV injection of fluorescent conjugates (Angiopep-2-cy5.5 and Angiopep-7-cy5.5)
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- Brain parenchyma distribution of fluorescent conjugate (Angiopep-2-cy5.5) after in-situ mice brain perfusion
- 10 min After 10 min, the brain was further perfused with physiological saline alone and fixed with formalir

- 4. Efficacy of ANG1005 compared to paclitaxel and
- 5. K_{in} (BBB transfer constant) and regional distribution of radioactive ANG1005 using in-situ



ANGIOPEP-2 VECTOR

Angiopep-2: TFFYGGSRGKRNNFKTEEY

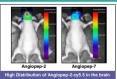
Angiopep-7: TFFYGGSRGRRNNFRTEEY

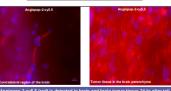
NECATIVE CONTROL

ANGIOPEP2-CY5.5 IN THE BRAIN PARENCHYMA

Angiopep-Z/Lys.s... and brain parenchyma Astrocytes (GFAP staining) in the brain

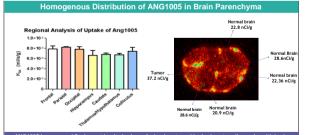






ANG1005 as Proof of Concept: Conjugate between Angiopep-2 and Paclitaxel MW = 5109 daltons Phe-Phe-Tyr-Gly-Gly-Ser-Arg-Gly Mode of Action of the conjugate paclitaxel-Angiopep-2 Angiopep-2

Transport Rate of ANG1005 to the Brain		
DRUG	BRAIN K _{in} (ml/s/g)	1
ANG1005	8.8 ± 0.6 x 10 ⁻³	Initial transport rate measured by in-situ brain perfusion in rats demonstrates that ANG 1005 is 10x and 100x better transported than Anglopep-2 and pacilitaxel, respectively
Temozolomide	1 ± 0.1 x 10 ⁻³	
Angiopep-2	8.8 ± 1.3 x 10 ⁻⁴	
Paclitaxel	8.5 ± 0.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	
Doxorubicin	~5 x 10 ⁻⁵	
Gemcitabine	1.3 ± 0.14 x 10 ⁻⁵	
Etoposide	~4 x 10 ⁻⁶	



ANG1005 is homogenously distributed in normal brain.

ANG1005 allows Therapeutic Concentrations of Paclitaxel to be Delivered to the Brain

Mouse brains were analysed by HPLC post ANG1005 bolus injection

ANG1005 quantity: 3.92 μg/g

Concentration: 700 nM (2,100 nM of paclitaxel equiv.)

ANG1005 allows delivery of 100 times the concentration of paclitaxel required for activity (20 nM) Experiment 1: ANG1005 Concentration is Effective in Treating Brain



Experiment 2	Mean tumor volume (mm³)	
Treatment	D10	D21
Vehicle	9 ± 4 (n=4)	25 ± 20 (n=4)
ANG1005, IV infusion, 6 mg/kg/inf	4 ± 3 (n=4)	8 ± 5 (n=2)
Taxol® IV bolus, 5 mg/kg/inj	6 ± 2 (n=4)	19 ± 2 (n=4)

emonstrate that a therapeutic concentration of paclitaxel is transported across the BBB in rats after IP (1) and IV (2) administration.

- Angiopep-2 is rapidly transported to brain parenchyma
- Angiopep-2 shows higher distribution in brain tumors
- ANG1005 transport into brain parenchyma is 100 times higher than paclitaxel
- ANG1005 distributes homogenously in brain regions
- ANG1005 delivers therapeutic concentrations of paclitaxel to the brain
- ANG1005 inhibits intracranial tumor growth as measured by MRI in rats

Demeule et al., J. Neurochem 106:1534-1544, 2008 Regina et al., Br J Pharmacol 155:185-197, 2008